

The Nursing Council of Hong Kong

Core-competencies for Enrolled Nurses (Psychiatric) and a Reference Guide to the Syllabus of Subjects and Requirements for the Preparation of Enrolled Nurse (Psychiatric) in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

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I. PREAMBLE

Psychiatric nurses serve the community by meeting the needs of individuals suffering from mental disorders as well as promoting mental health of the community. Apart from the roles of a caregiver to psychiatric clients, the psychiatric nurse needs to develop competencies to take up extended and expanded roles in the delivery of primary, secondary and tertiary mental health care. The reference guide to the syllabus of training for Enrolled Nurse (Psychiatric) [EN(Psy)] is firstly to enable EN(Psy) to develop competencies in promotion, maintenance and restoration of mental health and prevention of mental illness. Secondly, it is to enable EN(Psy) to develop competencies in assisting the Registered Nurse (Psy) in fulfilling their nursing roles in different mental health care settings.

To ensure a regulated practice and to enhance the advancement of psychiatric nursing practice, it is essential that the responsibilities and roles of EN(Psy) and their competencies are clearly defined.

The reference guide to the syllabus of training is based on a set of objectives and areas of psychiatric nursing knowledge and practice that underpin the psychiatric nursing practice. It consists of the philosophy of psychiatric nursing, scope of practice of psychiatric nursing, and theoretical and clinical practice requirements under the core competencies of EN(Psy).

II. OBJECTIVES OF THE SYLLABUS

This syllabus has been developed by the Nursing Council of Hong Kong (NCHK) to serve the following purposes:

- 1. To state the philosophy of psychiatric nursing based on which such practice is developed in Hong Kong;
- 2. To outline the professional roles of psychiatric nurses and the core competencies required to fulfilling these roles;
- 3. To describe the scope and characteristics of the core competencies to guide the curriculum development of education programmes that prepare EN(Psy) who can practice psychiatric nursing safely, ethically and effectively;
- 4. To inform the public, the employers and the stakeholders locally and internationally of what they may expect from the EN(Psy) on entry to practice; and
- 5. To specify the major subjects and topics of education in psychiatric nursing required under the core competency of EN(Psy).

The core competencies should be possessed by the ENs(Psy) on entry to practice. In addition, the ENs(Psy) should practise according to the Code of Professional Conduct, the Scope of Professional Practice and other legal and ethical requirements defined by the NCHK as stipulated in the Nurses Registration Ordinance, Chapter 164. This document will be subject to constant review in order to ensure its appropriateness and usefulness to reflect the contemporary role and requirements of practising as an EN(Psy) in Hong Kong.

III. PHILOSOPHY OF PSYCHIATRIC NURSING

The philosophy of psychiatric nursing in this section summarises our beliefs in the nature and practice of professional psychiatric/mental health nursing as well as our views on the person, environment, health, and mental health. Such beliefs also provide basic information for the development of education programme and syllabus for psychiatric nursing registration in the NCHK.

Nursing is a caring, enabling, knowledge-based and competence-assessed profession, which is dynamic in meeting the changing health needs of the society. It is committed to promoting and maintaining health; as well as to caring for the sick and the disabled as individuals, or in families, groups, institutions, home settings and in the community.

The practice of nursing is client-focused and evidence-based. It is carried out at the primary, secondary and tertiary levels of health care. It functions through problem solving and collaboration with the client as well as other health care professionals to define and achieve mutually agreed health goals.

The provision of holistic, client-centred care requires research-based professional knowledge and skills through the implementation of the nursing process; the adoption of a caring and responsible attitude; effective communication and interpersonal skill as well as ethical principles. The quality of care is maintained through the enhancement of professional competencies via continuous nursing education.

Psychiatric nursing is a profession, possessing its unique history, ideology, knowledge, and skills. It provides services to individuals whose primary health needs are related to mental, emotional and developmental problems, especially serious disorders and persistent disabilities. It is committed to the maintenance, promotion and restoration of optimal mental health for individuals, families, community groups, and society, through the use of therapeutic relationships and interventions.

The person is a unique, holistic being with the potential to learn and develop through interacting with the changing environment. Each person has intrinsic worth and has the right to participate in the decision-making, which affects his/her own life and dignity, and must always be treated with respect.

The environment consists of internal and external components, which change constantly and generate both positive and negative stressors. The internal environment of a person, comprising biological, psychological, spiritual and intellectual components, interacts with the external environment that encompasses social, cultural and situational influences. This continual interaction affects the person's functioning as an individual, as well as in families, groups and community. The creation, preservation and conservation of a sustainable environment are crucial to the maintenance and promotion of human survival.

Health is a state of well-being, perceived differently by the individual at specific points in time along the health-illness continuum. It is affected by biological, psychological, socio-economical, developmental, political, cultural and religious factors. The level of well-being depends on the maintenance of equilibrium within the person, and between the person's interaction with the changing environment.

Mental health as suggested by the World Health Organisation (WHO) in 2010, is a state of well being in which the individual realizes his or her own abilities, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to his or her community. In this positive sense, mental health is the foundation for individual well-being and the effective function of a community. The positive dimension of mental health is also stressed in WHO's definition of health as contained in its constitution in 1984: "Health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity."

IV. SCOPE OF PRACTICE OF PSYCHIATRIC NURSES

Glossary

- Enrolled Nurse (Psychiatric) [EN(Psy)]
 A nurse who has completed a psychiatric/mental health nursing programme and has
 enrolled under the Professional Roll Part II of the NCHK.
- 2. Competence/Competency

The ability, knowledge, skills and attitudes required of a nurse in performing a range of expected roles in professional nursing practice.

3. Core Competencies

The essential competencies that an EN(Psy) is expected to possess at entry to practice as an outcome of their psychiatric nursing education in order to provide the local people with safe, effective and ethical care.

4. The Client

The focus of care provision by an EN(Psy) with whom the nurse is engaged in a professional helping relationship through which a mutually defined health goals in the process of mental illness prevention, and mental health promotion and restoration can be optimised or achieved.

Scope of practice of psychiatric nurses

Psychiatric nursing practice is characterised by the following interventions:

- Promote and maintain mental health
- Conduct mental health education, crisis interventions, counselling and psychotherapy on individual and group base
- Provide therapeutic milieu conducive to promote, restore and maintain optimal health/adaptive behaviours of individuals
- Conduct comprehensive and focused assessment of individuals and community
- Plan, implement and evaluate psychiatric nursing interventions
- Administer and monitor psychiatric treatment regimes
- Co-ordinate case management and refer clients to other sources of expertise
- Plan, implement and evaluate psychiatric rehabilitation, community-based care and out-reaching activities with the collaboration of other health care professionals
- Act as an advocate to protect the rights of clients, speak for those who cannot speak for themselves in psychiatric clinical practice
- Develop and evaluate psychiatric nursing standards/measures and procedures
- Apply information technology, evidence-based nursing practice and nursing research in psychiatric nursing
- Evaluate current health care policy and initiate changes of policy in mental health services

In response to the advancement and development in health care services, treatment regimes and psychiatric nursing interventions, the scope of practice in psychiatric nursing will be modified continuously.

V. SCOPE OF CORE COMPETENCIES REQUIRED OF AN ENROLLED NURSE (PSYCHIATRIC)

Scope of core competencies required of an EN(Psy)

The scope of core competencies required of an EN (Psy) also comprises 4 key aspects:

Competency 1:	Professional, legal and ethical nursing practice
Competency 2:	Health promotion and education
Competency 3:	Quality improvement and teamwork
Competency 4:	Personal and professional attributes

Please refer to the following details.

SCOPE OF CORE-COMPETENCIES OF AN ENROLLED NURSES (PSY)

Competence area 1: Professional, legal and ethical nursing practice

Ability to perform effective psychiatric nursing care safely, legally and ethically.

The Enrolled Nurse (Psy) should be able to assist Registered Nurse (Psy) to:

- perform nursing practice particularly for:
 - assessment of psychosocial health needs in line with physiological ones;
 - design, implementation and evaluation of care planning with the partnership of client;
 - restoration and promotion of mental health and enhancement of quality of life as client's desire;
 - collaboration with other mental health team members in the care provision.
- safeguard client from unsafe practice.
- ensure patients' rights of dignity, autonomy, privacy, confidentiality and access to information.
- maintain a therapeutic environment conducive to mental health rehabilitation.

Competence area 2: Health promotion and education

Ability to work in partnership with health care team, clients, families and the community in preventing illness, promoting and protecting the health, in particular mental health, of an individual, family and the community.

The Enrolled Nurse (Psy) should be able to assist Registered Nurse (Psy) to:

- recognise the factors affecting mental health and the appropriate actions to take for mental health promotion.
- identify the health-related needs of clients in different health care settings.
- communicate health information and co-ordinate mental health education/promotion activities effectively.
- collect and utilise updated evidence and reliable information for planning and improving mental health promotion and education activities.
- intervene appropriately to safeguard the interests and well-being of clients.

Competence area 3: Quality improvement and teamwork

Ability to contribute to quality improvement and work harmoniously with all health care team members to achieve effective health care outcome.

The Enrolled Nurse (Psy) should be able to:

- assist the implementation of change conducive to quality improvements and risk management.
- provide assistance to supervise the supporting staff for provision of quality client care.
- demonstrate an understanding of the role of the enrolled nurse (Psy) as a member of the health care team.
- recognise the differences in accountability and responsibility between registered nurse (Psy) and enrolled nurse (Psy).
- establish and maintain collaborative relationships with members of health care team.
- facilitate team members to achieve work targets.

Competence area 4: Personal and professional attributes

Ability to be a role model in health promotion and professional development.

The Enrolled Nurse (Psy) should be able to:

- maintain and promote health of self, particularly mental health and emotional well-being.
- recognise the need for and participates in continuing professional development.

VI. EDUCATION PREPARATION

An enrolled psychiatric nurse is professionally prepared personnel who has successfully completed an education programme in psychiatric nursing at an approved institute of nursing and included the following requirements for application of enrolment with the NCHK:

(a) Duration of the programme

An education programme in psychiatric nursing should include theoretical instruction and clinical practice experience. Duration of the study or contact hours¹ should meet the requirements as prescribed by the NCHK. Successful completion of the programme will lead to the admission to Part II of the Roll maintained by the NCHK.

(b) Theoretical instruction

A minimum of 750 hours of theoretical instruction should be organised by the approved institute of nursing. Subject outline and minimum number of class contact hours for each subject are included in Section VII.

The programme should provide learners with opportunities to examine a range of perspectives through which to experience and understand nursing and psychiatric nursing. Students should also be provided with conditions and opportunities to explore and clarify values, to enhance problem-solving skills and critical thinking, to reflect upon and to act to challenge norms and practice, and to develop a critical awareness about the taken-for-granted world.

Educational/field visits should be arranged in the programme with a view to broadening learners' views and providing them with useful and relevant information for discussion so as to enhance their understanding in the relevant areas of psychiatric work.

(c) Clinical practice

A minimum of 1,000 hours of clinical experience is required. The minimum requirement of clinical experience on different nature of experience is included in Section VIII.

Students should be placed to a variety of psychiatric care settings to provide them with opportunities to learn basic psychiatric nursing skills, specific psychiatric nursing procedures and to develop their sense of belonging as a health care provider within a health care team.

The clinical experience should reflect the uniqueness of psychiatric nursing which is not only concerned with attending to the client's psychosocial and physiological needs but

¹ The term "contact hours" refers to the amount of time (in terms of hours) spent by a learner in direct contact with the teaching/training staff of a programme. It includes attendance in class, tutorials, nursing laboratory practice, conducting experiment in laboratory under supervision and supervised session in placement and workshop. For other modes of learning, the Nursing Council of Hong Kong will assess the individual case of merit in the light that there is structured content with learning outcomes, and has interaction and assessment components.

also includes health education, rehabilitation, and care of their families in the hospital setting and in the community.

Each placement unit should have clear statements of learning objectives pertinent to its nature. These will help the learners identify specific learning objectives during their clinical placement. Learning will take place through practical instructions and supervised practice, seminars, ward meetings and multidisciplinary conferences.

VII. THEORETICAL REQUIREMENTS

Overview of major subjects and topics under the core competencies of EN(Psy)

Theoretical instruction

The total amount of time for teaching and learning activities should not be less than $\underline{750}$ contact hours.

	Competence area 1: Professional, legal and ethical nursing practice				
Section	Subjects/Topics	Minimum contact hours			
1A.	Medical, behavioural and social sciences	220			
1A.1	Psychology and human development				
1A.2	Sociology and health care				
1A.3	Anatomy and physiology of human body				
1A.4					
1A.5	Psychiatry and psychotherapeutic interventions				
1A.6	Pharmacology				
1B.	Therapeutic communication	70			
1B.1	Theories of communication and counselling				
1B.2	Interpersonal relationships and team building				
1B.3	Concept of therapeutic communication				
1C.	Professional nursing practice	190			
1C.1	Principles and practice of basic general nursing				
1C.2					
1C.3					
1C.4	First aid and emergency nursing				
1D.	Legal and ethical aspects	30			
	(Code of professional conduct of nurses in Hong Kong)				
1D.1	Professional conduct and nursing ethics				
1D.2	Legal aspects related to psychiatric nursing				
1D.3	\diamond Duty of care				
	♦ Confidentiality				
	♦ Informed consent				
	♦ Patients' rights and responsibility				
	♦ Mental Health Ordinance				

Compete	Competence area 1: Professional, legal and ethical nursing practice (cont'd)				
Section Subjects/Topics		Minimum contact hours			
1E.	Professional studies	20			
1E.1	Nursing profession				
1E.2	Introduction to nursing models and nursing process				
1E.3	Modern trends in nursing				
1E.4	Historical development of psychiatric nursing				
1E.5	Personal qualities of the psychiatric nurse				
1E.6	Role of an enrolled psychiatric nurse in the therapeutic				
	team				

Competency area 2: Health promotion and education				
Section	Subjects/Topics	Minimum contact hours		
2A.	Concepts of health and mental health; health education	50		
	and mental health promotion			
2A.1	Concept of health			
2A.2	Concept of mental health			
2A.3	Mental health assessment			
2A.4	Mental health promotion			
2A.5	Promotion of health of the individual and the community			
	\diamond Personal health			
	♦ Community health			
	\diamond Health education			
2A.6	Concept of institutionalization			
2A.7	Rehabilitation and resocialization of the client			
2A.8	Community resources in the care of the client			

	ence area 3: Quality improvement and teamwork	
Section	Subjects/Topics	Minimum
-	.	contact hours
3A.	Basic knowledge on	40
3A.1	Continuous quality improvement	
3A.2		
3A.3	c	
	Patient safety	
	Incidents reporting	
3A.6		
3A.7	1 V	
01107		
3B.	General management of the ward	40
3B.1	Ward routines	
3B.1 3B.2	General cleanliness of the ward	
	Ventilation, lighting, heating and noise control in the ward	
3B.3 3B.4		
JD.4	used in the ward	
3B.5	Economical use of supplies and equipment	
3B.6	Fire prevention, fire fighting, and evacuation of patients	
50.0	The prevention, the righting, and evacuation of patients	
3C.	Introduction to health care system	10
3C.1	Health care system	
0.011	\diamond Primary health care	
	\diamond Secondary health care	
	\diamond Tertiary health care	
3C.2	Health care settings and health care teams	
3C.3	Mental health services in Hong Kong	
3D.	Introduction to information technology in health care	10
3D.1	Basic understanding on information technology (IT)	
3D.2	Application of IT in nursing and health care	
3E.	Basic principles of team building	10
3F.	Basic principles of coaching and mentoring	10

Compete	Competence area 4: Personal and professional attributes				
Section	Subjects/Topics	Minimum contact hours			
4A.	Personal attributes	30			
4A.1	Knowledge of self, environment, stress coping, healthy lifestyle, responsibility and accountability, and adaptation to change				
4 B.	Professional attributes	20			
4 B .1	Knowledge of professional development and continuing learning opportunities				
4B.2	Knowledge of professional organizations and strategies in achieving professionalism.				
4B.3	Fundamental principles on evidence-based practice and nursing research				
	Total :	750			

Clinical experiences	Minimum requirements (Hours)
Nursing management for acute/subacute clients	230
Nursing management for psychiatric rehabilitation/ long-stay clients	230
Community psychiatric nursing and mental health outreaching services	200
Nursing management for psychogeriatric clients	100
Nursing management for clients with medical and surgical problems	100
Nursing management for child and adolescent clients	50
Nursing management for clients with learning disability	50
Nursing management for clients with substance-related disorders	40
Total :	1,000 (No minimum requirement of night duty)

VIII. CLINICAL PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS

- **Note 1**: The above should include a period of continuous clinical practice of not less than 3 months.
- **Note 2**: Clinical training for local nursing students can be conducted in the following health care institutions:
 - Category A: Hospitals or medical institutions under the management of the Hospital Authority or private hospitals registered under the Hospitals, Nursing Homes and Maternity Homes Registration Ordinance (Cap. 165, Laws of Hong Kong), where in-patient care is provided (60%-70% of the total hours of clinical education).
 - Category B: Community settings where the provision of first level care is evident (30%-40% of the total hours of clinical education). Not more than one-tenth of this part of training may be conducted outside Hong Kong.
- **Note 3**: During the clinical practicum, there must be a system in place to assess students' clinical knowledge, skills, problem solving ability and professional attitudes. Evidences must be produced on the assessment of administration of medications, aseptic techniques, mental status assessment skills, and communication and counselling skills.

IX. CLINICAL ASSESSMENT GUIDELINE

CONTINUING CLINICAL ASSESSMENT

Contemporary and professional nursing emphasizes the integration of theory and practice. In view of this, it would be more valid and important to conduct the clinical assessment in real situations over a prescribed period of time of clinical practice. Continuing Clinical Assessment (CCA) is an ongoing process consisting of 5 components: teaching, demonstration, practice, feedback and evaluation. Each assessment will take place **IN A CONTINUOUS BASIS** / **NOT ONLY AT ONE POINT OF TIME** at different clinical venues within an Assessment Period and will base on some items specified in the assessment form. Upon successful completion of all the prescribed clinical assessments, the learner will have acquired essential clinical skills necessary for psychiatric nursing practice.

I. <u>Aim</u>

The aim of CCA is to assess the learner's level of competence in clinical practice on a continuing basis.

II. <u>Objectives</u>

- to teach and demonstrate clinical skills to learner;
- to provide opportunities for learner to practise the learnt skills;
- to identify learner's strengths and weaknesses in learning and clinical practice;
- to coach and give feedback to learner; and
- to evaluate learner's level of competence.

III. <u>Clinical experience and clinical placement</u>

The period of different types of clinical experience should meet the requirement stipulated by the NCHK.

The period of clinical placement is the entire period during which the learner is allocated to any clinical unit(s) (hospital ward/unit, out-patient department, occupational therapy department, community psychiatric nursing service and general hospital) for applying his/her knowledge learned in the theoretical courses and practising the psychiatric nursing skills and the assessment period.

Each learner must gain clinical experience in the management and care of:

- Psychiatric clients in acute/subacute phase
- Psychiatric clients requiring psychiatric rehabilitation/long-stay services
- Psychiatric clients requiring community psychiatric nursing services/out-reaching services
- Psychogeriatric clients
- Psychiatric clients with medical and surgical problems
- Child & adolescent clients with mental health problems
- Clients with learning disabilities
- Client with substance-related disorders

IV. <u>Assessment areas</u>

The natures of clinical placement where the CCA would be conducted including:

- Psychiatric Acute/subacute unit;
- Psychiatric Rehabilitation/long-stay unit; and
- Community psychiatric nursing/out-reach services.

The areas to be assessed in each CCA placement unit include:

- 1. Basic knowledge and skills which are essential for the student to perform his/her nursing duties and common in all clinical placements :
 - Provision of therapeutic milieu;
 - Communication and observation skills;
 - Nurse-patient relationship;
 - Planning, implementation and evaluation of psychiatric nursing interventions; and
 - Professional and ethical practice.
- 2. Specific knowledge and skills which are required for the student to perform his/her nursing duties in a particular nature of ward/unit/department.
 - Mental health promotion and education;
 - Assessing clients' needs;
 - Therapeutic communication and counselling skills;
 - Pharmaceutical treatments;
 - Administering and monitoring of treatment regimes and nursing care; and
 - Management of clinical areas.

V. <u>Period(s) of assessment</u>

During the period(s) a learner is assessed in specific clinical setting(s) for placement/learning, excluding the night duty.

The learner is assessed continually on the areas specified in the assessment form(s) starting immediately from the time stipulated for assessment to the end of the clinical placement.

Clinical assessor should monitor the learner's performance and make himself/herself available to the learner during his/her period of supervision. Clinical assessor should give feedback to the learner regarding his/her knowledge and skills **on a continuing basis.** Regular feedback will allow the learner to be aware of his/her achievements or weaknesses and will allow an opportunity for the learner to improve knowledge and skills required in the clinical practice as well as better arrangement for supervised practice in areas of nursing skills that required.

The assessment period includes the:

- First attempt period;
- Second attempt period (applicable to the learner who has failed in the first attempt); and
- Third attempt period (applicable to the learner who has failed in the first attempt and second attempt).

VI. <u>Continuing Clinical Assessment Committee</u>

Each approved institute of nursing is recommended to form a Continuing Clinical Assessment Committee aiming at formulating and updating the following items:

- Guidelines for assessment;
- Assessment forms;
- Assessment schedule and clinical placement of students; and
- Appointment of clinical assessors.

X. CURRICULUM PLANNING, RESEARCH AND EVALUATION

(a) Curriculum planning

The planning of the curriculum should be based on this syllabus.

It is recommended that a Curriculum Development Committee be formed within each institution comprising teaching staff, clinical staff, learners and any other expertise the institution may wish to include.

A well-planned curriculum should reflect the learning opportunities available within the total learning environment. It is important to construct an educational curriculum, which relates theories and practice leading ultimately to integrate learning. To achieve this, it is recommended that the students are provided with relevant theory prior to a planned clinical placement. This will enhance the correlation between theory and practice.

Periods of evaluation should also be planned according to the structured education program and each unit of clinical experience.

(b) Research

Research-mindedness and research studies are to be encouraged in curriculum planning, as these are important in helping the learners to understand the concepts of analysis and synthesis as well as the application of evidence-based practice and problem-solving skills in psychiatric nursing.

(c) Evaluation

The development of a curriculum must include an on-going process of evaluation. Approved institutions of nursing are advised to evaluate their curriculum carefully and regularly.

Appendix

OUTLINE OF KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS AND ATTITUDE REQUIRED UNDER COMPETENCE AREAS

Competency 1: Professional, legal and ethical nursing practice					
Ability	Knowledge	Skills	Attitude		
 Ability to perform effective psychiatric nursing care safely, legally and ethically The Enrolled Nurse (Psy) should be able to assist Registered Nurse (Psy) to: perform nursing practice particularly for: assessment of psychosocial health needs in line with physiological ones design, implementation and evaluation of care planning with the partnership of client restoration and promotion of mental health and enhancement of quality of life as client's desire collaboration with other mental health team members in the care provision safeguard client from unsafe practice ensure patients' rights of dignity, autonomy, privacy, confidentiality and access to information maintain a therapeutic environment conducive to mental health rehabilitation 	 A. Medical, behavioural and social sciences biological, pharmacological, social and behavioural sciences relevant to psychiatric nursing B. Therapeutic communication theories of communication interpersonal relationships and team building interviewing and counselling therapeutic communication and relationships C. Professional nursing practice concepts and theories of professional nursing and caring evidence-based nursing principles and practice of psychiatric nursing D. Legal and ethical aspects legal aspects pertinent to psychiatric nursing principles of professional conduct and nursing ethics patients' right and responsibility 	 A. Cognitive skills reflective learning assertiveness critical and analytical thinking discovery learning B. Psycho-motor skills health assessment psychiatric nursing and basic general nursing techniques C. Psychosocial skills communication and interpersonal skills counselling skills psychodeducation and psychotherapeutic interventions 	 respect for life, dignity, rights, beliefs, and culture of an individual taking initiative for professional actions and be accountable for the care provided within the scope of practice of an enrolled nurse supportive and collaborative with the Registered Nurse (Psy) and members of the health care team to provide systematic and holistic care for individuals, family and groups as needed non-judgemental and accepting clients with mental problems under care continuous/life-long learning 		

Competency 2: Health promotion and education					
Ability	Knowledge	Skills	Attitude		
Ability to work in partnership with health care team, clients, families and the community in preventing illness, promoting and protecting the health, in particular mental health, of an individual, family and the community	B. Concepts of health and mental health; health education and mental health promotion	 A. Skills of health education and promotion modelling and role playing teaching, facilitating and motivating 	the clients' mental health needs and in meeting these needs		
 The Enrolled Nurse (Psy) should be able to assist Registered Nurse (Psy) to: recognise the factors affecting mental health and the appropriate actions to take for mental health promotion 	 concepts of health, mental health, mental illness and public health health care delivery system theories and practice of mental health education and promotion for 	• reinforcing and shaping	• committed in continuing education and updating of contemporary issues about mental health		
• identify the health-related needs of clients in different health care settings	– individual – family – group	 psychosocial and mental health assessment educational needs assessment 	• committed in participating in activities for mental health education and promotion		
• communicate health information and co-ordinate mental health education/promotion activities effectively	 the community contemporary issues in mental health education and promotion 	 problem identification, planning, implementing and evaluating health education activities for individuals, groups 	 showing respect and understanding of patients' rights and mental health 		
 collect and utilise updated evidence and reliable information for planning and improving mental health promotion and education activities 	C. Rights of an individualhuman rights	and the community	needs		
 intervene appropriately to safeguard the interests and well-being of clients 	 ethical principles applied to mental health promotion and education 				

Competency 3: Quality improvement and teamwork					
Ability	Knowledge	Skills	Attitude		
Ability to contribute to quality improvement and work harmoniously with all health care team members to achieve effective health care outcome	 A. Management of ward unit management of time, risk, crises, services, and resource 	 A. Managerial skills establishing working relationships with clients, health care professionals and 	• co-operative and supportive of changes to improve mental health services and quality		
 The Enrolled Nurse (Psy) should be able to: assist the implementation of change conducive to quality improvements and risk management provide assistance to supervise the supporting staff for provision of quality nursing care 	 B. Health care system and policies health care and mental health care systems and policies contemporary mental health care issues factors influencing mental health and health care 	 the public participate and support continuous quality improvement and risk management programs conflict resolution 	 nursing care open and accommodating respect individual difference in beliefs, value and cultural practices 		
 demonstrate an understanding of the role of the enrolled nurse (Psy) as a member of the health care team recognise the differences in accountability and responsibility 	 C. Information technology applied to nursing and health care contemporary concepts of information technology (IT) application of IT in nursing and health care 	 B. Skills in information technology computer use electronic communication, data entry and retrieval in 	 collaborative and corporative supportive 		
 establish and maintain collaborative relationships with members of health care team 	D. Basic principles of team building	C. Interpersonal skill	supportiveparticipative		
 facilitate team members to achieve work targets 	E. Basic principles of coaching and mentoring F. Scope of practice for an enrolled nurse	D. Team building skill E. Coaching and mentoring			
		skill			

Competency 4: Personal and professional attributes				
Ability	Knowledge	Skill	Attitude	
 Ability to be a role model in health promotion and professional development. The Enrolled Nurse (Psy) should be able to: maintain and promote health of self, particularly mental health and emotional well-being recognise the need for and participates in continuing professional development 	 A. Individual mental health and well-being positive self concept harmonious relationship with people and environment coping with stress and adaptation to change B. Professional development professional organisations and opportunities for professional development update on mental health nursing knowledge 	 A. Personal health promotion healthy lifestyles and health promotion practices adaptation and management of changes coping of stress B. Participate in professional activities C. Continuing development in contemporary mental health nursing ability to appreciate evidence-based practice 	 enthusiastic and positive towards life, human being, society and health committed in continuous life-long learning supportive and committed to professional organisations and professional nursing development 	

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